Di	recti	ons:	Match Lis	et I with	List II and select the	3.		List I (Word/E	unressi	on)	List II (Meaning) Meaningle	CHE WELL
					w the Lists:	-		(Word / E	aprece	1.	Meaningle Expressing	doubts
							A.	Impugn		2.	Expressing about som	ething
								Spew		1.000	Flowing o	ut of
1.					Conservation 1				_ 58 D	3.	Flowing o	ina
		List		1000	List II	613	C.	Harangu	e		something	av
		(Wor	d/Expres	ssion)	(Meaning)	18.3					forceful w	0
	A.	Ensu	ie	1.	Muddy ground	100			h	4.	Aggressiv	
	B.	Mora	iss	2.	Complex disputes	1	D.	Gibberis			lecturing	Cane Ar
	C.	Imbr	oglio	3.	Collection of	30	Coc	de:	D	C	D	
	-				different things	-		A	B 3	4	2	
	D.	Potpo	rrin	4.	To happen as a result	300	(a)	1	4	3	2	
					result	-	(b)	1	3	4	1	
	Co	de:					(c)	2 2	4	3	1	
			В	C	D		(d)	Z				
		A	ь		D	4.					List II	
	(a)	4	2	1	3			List I (Word/I	Cunross	tion)	(Meanin	g)
	(b)	3	1	2	4			Caveat	Saprece	1.	Old-fash	ioned
	(0)	0		-			A.			2.	Warning	
	(c)	4	1	2	3	10	В.	Amble		3.	Walking	at a slow
	(d)	3	865	CH	4	- 1	C.	Acolyte			pace	
	(4)	0	-	•		1	D.	Archaic		4.	Ardent	follower
ilion.							Co	de:	В	C	D	
						100	(0)	A 1	3	4	2	
		List I			List II		(a) (b)	1	4	3	2	
			Express		(Meaning)	100	(c)	2	3	4	1	
A	1. N	falver	sation	1.	Continuing without a break	Ŋ.	(d)	2	4	3	î	
P	3. C	onund	leum	2.	Confusing problem	5.						
		onunc			Comusing proviem			List I			List II	
C	. Ir	cessa	nt	3.	Extracting money			(Word/	Expres	sion)	(Meanin	na)
					in the form of taxes	100	· A.	Kernel	anp. co		Someth	ing that
D	. M	ulct		4.	Corrupt behaviour	11/29					canene l	oad luck
				100	of a public servant	10	B.	Brook		2.		
					frequency balletons	15		Jinx				
C	ode						U.	omx		3.	Someth	ing that
		A	В	C	D	-10					gives fe	eling of
		•	1			E COM	n	C-1			comfort	t
(a)) 4	1	2	1	3	100	D.	Solace		4	Soft pa	rt inside
(b)) 3	3	1	2	4	712	Co	de:			seed	
(c)		110	1	2	3	h E		A	В	(
(c)	4			-			(a)		2	1	-	100%
(d)	3		2	1	4	1	(b)		1	2		R. L.
						100	(c)	4	î	2	-	No.
							(d)		2		0	77
							(44)	-	4	1	4	

B. C. D. Co (a) (b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.	List I (Word/E Feat Fate Fathom Faux pas	Expressio	n) 1.	List II (Meaning) The development of events outside a person's control	9.		List I (Word/E Extirpate	xpression	1. P	ist II Meaning) raise nthusiastically
B. C. D. Co (a) (b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.	(Word/E Feat Fate Fathom	Expressio	1.	(Meaning) The development of events outside a person's control	22,022		(Word/E	xpression	1. P	raise nthusiastically
B. C. D. Co (a) (b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.	Fate Fathom			events outside a person's control	1000				1. P	raise nthusiastically
C. D. Co (a) (b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.	Fathom		2.	person's control						
D. Co (a) (b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.	trinani vit			Used to measure depth of water		B.	Extol		2. F	arthest point
Co (a) (b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.	Faux pas		3.	An embarrassing mistake	ro in pine	C.	Extremit	у		ompletely
(a) (b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.	- Late	22 20 30	4.	An achievement requiring great	ninger	D.	Expunge		4. I	Destroy completely
(a) (b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.				courage	2724201	Coc	le:			STREET, STREET, ST.
(b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.	ode:	n	-	D	201 (10)			D	C	D
(b) (c) (d) 7. A. B.	A 4	B 2	C	3	100.11		A	В	C	
(d) 7. A. B.		10 000	2	mir 4ot dod of til	(11)	(a)	4	2	1	nu 3/2 11 916
A. B.		1 2	2	3 4			3	1	2	4
A. B.					ne (a)	(c)	4	1	2	3
В.	List I			List II	ar (6)	(d)	3	9	1	4
В.	(Word/E	xpressio	n)		n see ele	4.000		onday by		in intolluditati
В.	Semitic		1.	Similarity of						
	of a sight t		*	appearance	13.5					
	Seminary		2.	Training college for	nonik	of an	anulibr	dies.		
C.	- Committee y			priests	100000					
	Send off		3.	A family of languages that includes Hebrew	10.		List I (Word/	Express	ion)	List II (Meaning)
D.	Semblano	e	4.	Wish good luck to		A.	Devious		1.	Cause something
ъ.	bembiano			person leaving	- Tribina		9008			seem less valuabl
Cod		PRIO 10	15.2010	appropriate medition	Tours.	B.			2.	Skilful in using
Cod	A	В	C	D	1			leuger		underhand tactic
(a)	1	2	4.	3	100	C.	Detrim	ent	3.	Transfer of powe
(b)	3	4	2	1	7000					from higher to
(c)	1	4	2	3	CETANG			Total	io thin	lower governmer
(d)	3	2	4	1		D.	Detrac	t	4.	The state of bein
	genda	tal		d countries, 15.	polove	to ac	i sgoome	VEL SPIAN	s of pre	harmed or
8.										damaged
	ist I month			st II	-	C	de:			
	Word / Exp			feaning)		C	ide.			
A. H.				ough and low in pitch	1		A	\mathbf{B}	C	D
	aughty			rogant behaviour						
C. Gi	ruff			ring and demanding	The se	(a)		3	4	2
D. Gi	ruelling	rever not	4. A	door in an aircraft	-	(b)	2	3	manal4	with more equa-
Code		225-36		w Again of C		,			." (
0000000		В	C	D ditiv (d)		(c)	2	4	3	3 1
(a)	4	2	1	3 (1)						
(b)			-							
(c)	3	1	2	4	1100	(d) 1	4		3 2
(d)	3 4		2 2 1		1.	(d) 1	4		, z

Directions: In the following item, a CLOZE question is given with ten blanks, each with four options. Select the most appropriate word from the options which fills the blanks correctly, and mark your response in the Answer Sheet accordingly.

accept to	on the state of th	(a) recognized	that learning leve	ls within man	y countries
It is increas	angly 11.	(b) recognize			
		(c) recognizing	I constitution		
	at a	(d) been recog			
(X)		(u) been recog			
are highly u	nequal. This 12.	(a) ough	t to be happening	because of	
		(b) shou	ıld		
	112	(c) must	t		
		(d) may	1100		
inetitutiona	features of school s	ystems, such as ear	rly streaming, regions	d diversity	
Histirous					
13	(a) on expend	liture or political o	engagement,		
	(b) in				
	(c) for		To Drien A		
(typinal)	(d) with		regarded Lasharoni		
		A Devig	Wish grant tuele to		TELLE CONTRACT
14	(a) unequal	access to educa	tion, and non-equita	ble access	Code.
	(b) inequal			Lo a	
TIMOG TO SEPTEM	(c) inequality			· - ¥	
Of The State of the	(d) equal		4		
		eriod state	a la	(-)	Name of the state of
to different	types of providers. A	mong the develop			these
			The same of the same		those
		Codes	delig all wel bearing	(c) t	that
	3 28		a pleased trees	(d)	some
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with more e	equal learning outco	omes 16	(a) also ha	ve better aver	rage learning
			(b) with		
			(c) to		
		t the	(d) for	2	(a)
			1 1		(b) E = (b)
- F 5110			D)		
ANFB-F-ENG		(4.	-D)		

outcomes, 17.	(a) sugge	sted that	appropriate interv	ventions in th	e education		NI I
	(b) sugge	esting					
	(c) have	suggested			1 10 100		15
	(d) sugge	est					
		14 PM			447	174	. ia
sector may have p	ositive effects on l	oth equality	y and the quality o	f education.	Economic ine	quant	y 18
associated with the	e distribution of 1	8	(a) numeracy	skills amor	g		000
		(6,	(b) number		12 - 107 106		
		(0)	(c) proficiency				
	an Andrida	()	(d) calculation			(6)	
		76.				(6)	
		907 80	B. # 12.1 5			15	
adults, although th			lear. Arguably, 19.	<u> </u>	(a) no	0	
seaves ment total	ing them to decid		nd bettem any		(b) any		100
	Jurig		or best years will s	a the sourne	(c) few		
	petiilant	(4)			(d) some	TO E	
	snonddayssad	(2)	Insulative and firm.		Total Co.	(d)	
	paternelistic	(b)					
	to their disappo	trada esp					
			. O Leaning	autaamaa	of every	indiv	idua
society will eve		equality	in the learning	outcomes	ividual	10000	
20	(a) Difference	in learnin	g outcomes may d	epena on mo	uviduai		
	(b) Different	(d)			insyspecta		
	(c) Differentiate	d (Mary 12 3		paymant		
	(d) Differences						
ability and motiva	tion as well as t	he type of	background one co	omes from a	nd the types	of res	ourc
one has access to.	frankly Add was	Hall	of in Pales in	to exputtion	in out illow		
official to	transfer qual	(0).			eignalstatelei		
			100				
			1		er/anctory		
	grating				erlanctory evolved		
		(9)	Pau S				

Directions: Each of the sentences in the following items has an underlined word, followed by four choices. Select the most appropriate option that improves/corrects the underlined word in the context of the sentence, and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

- The opposing political parties nevertheless took a bilateral position in the national interest.
 - (a) impartial
 - (b) intermittent
 - (c) perilous
 - (d) bipartisan
- 22. Although she had sampled food from all the restaurants in the food court, she remained indefinite towards the culinary fare on offer.
 - (a) imperious
 - (b) indifferent
 - (c) imperilled
 - (d) disinvested
- 23. The attitude of the whalers was marked by antipathy towards the marine life they had to encounter.
 - (a) sympathy
 - (b) empathy
 - (c) indifference
 - (d) animus
- 24. The family was rendered diligent due to the
 - (a) indigent
 - (b) intransigent
 - (c) indignant
 - (d) apathetic
- 25. He had cultivated such great temperance in his personality that he was impassioned in his dealing with the vicissitudes of life.
 - (a) dispassionate
 - (b) perfunctory
 - (c) devolved
 - (d) disambiguated

26. The document was discerned to be a postscript, where clearly an earlier manuscript had been replaced by a new one.

Dire

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31.

- (a) parchment
- (b) palimpsest
- (c) pastiche
- (d) montage
- 27. He was accused of simulism for having copied from someone else without due acknowledgement.
 - (a) sensationalism
 - (b) institutionalism
 - (c) plagiarism
 - (d) spoonerism
- 28. The domineering manager behaved in a paternal manner with his subordinates, not allowing them to decide for themselves.
 - (a) prim
 - (b) petulant
 - (c) presumptuous
 - (d) paternalistic
- 29. Much to their disappointment, the team leader spared no more than a <u>reflective</u> glance at the draft plan drawn up by his team.
 - (a) perfunctory
 - (b) precise
 - (c) engaging
 - (d) egregious
- 30. Her actions were considered salutary because they were done without good reason or cause.
 - (a) ingratiated
 - (b) gratuitous
 - (c) grating
 - (d) gargantuan

ANFB-F-ENG

(6-D)

ANFO-F-ENG

Directions: Each item in this section has a sentence with three underlined parts labelled (a), (b) and (c). Read each sentence to determine whether there is an error in any underlined part and indicate your response on the answer sheet against the above-mentioned corresponding letter. If there is no error, indicate your response as (d). In his well-recognised stentorian yet amused voice the principal demanded an unique excuse 31. from the student hauled up for alleged minor misdemeanour. No error (d) (c) The visiting school children went around the lake during trip to the famous lake city. 32. No error (d) The unfair distribution of assets among the family members 33. (b) (a) angered the more hardworking members of the familyowned firm. No error (d) (c) Given the nature of the problem it was not unnatural for there to be 34. bad blood among the two of them. No error (d) (c) He emphasised the need for strict discipline and compliance among the newly-appointed staff. 35. (c)

ANFB-F-ENG

No error (d) (a)

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een

1e

3. The officer marvelled	at the low attendance	3		
(a)			militaria estilatoriale	
remarking on the presen	nce of less than twen	ty people at work.	No error	
	(c)		(d)	1 (9)
			a 1 Jimle	**
The entire attention of the	ne visiting dignitarie	es centred around		<u>y.</u>
(a)		(b)	(c)	
No error				
(d)				
	to built unletters			of the l
A group of wayfaring tou	rists who had trud	ged for hundreds	of kilometres	
(a)		(b)		
has finally arrived at the	destination. No err	or		
(e)	(d)			
			na stude in destruction	in tuesate
	e ok and busin		na prok	
The tumult among the ga	thered spectators	rose to a crescend	0	
(a)		(b)		
upon the arrival of their n	nost favourite super	star. No error		
upon the arrival of their n	The state of the state of the state of	a secolar contract of the	the state of the state of	
upon the arrival of their n	nost favourite super (c)	star. No error	ti mbi ya ni hasan	
upon the arrival of their r	The state of the state of the state of	a secolar contract of the	tionalist and house	
upon the arrival of their r	The state of the state of the state of	a secolar contract of the	Constitution of the con-	na ari
	(c)	(d)	Contract of the con-	na arra
The listings on the menu t	(c) hat had been proffe	(d)	e selected after meticu	lous care
The listings on the menu t	(c) hat had been proffer (a)	(d)	(b)	lous care
The listings on the menu t	(c) hat had been proffer (a)	(d)	(b)	lous care

word or phrase unde carefully and find t	which part of speech the sto. Indicate your response on	scourse mplete	Identify the most appropriate discourse d mark your answer accordingly in the
	vas obvious, as he had won 46		ast,, ask for tolerance from the
unprecedented app	preciation for his hard work.	board	
(a) Collective no	oun	(a) (b)	therefore
(b) Abstract nou	ın .	(c)	for example
(c) Adjective	Bendan work at the same	(d)	likely
(d) Common not	an and a second		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
actually will be seen and	47		, eloquent expression of this
	nes it rains to give us some		ticism can be found in the high theory
respite from the du	III moments of life.		oved from the reality. Unengagingly
(a) Adverb		(a) (b)	Somewhat
(b) Conjunction		(c)	Indeed
(c) Verb		(d)	Fortunate
(d) Participle	congratuation and	100000	and the second second
	48	8. I sh	all consider,, the narrow lines
CARLOS SERVICES THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY O	cts every employee to do his	of an	rgument articulated by philosophers.
duty.	manager of the supplier of the Co.	(a)	sui generis
(a) Infinite nume	eral adjective	(b)	in particular
(b) Distributive	numeral adjective	(c)	matter of fact
(c) Demonstrativ		(d)	serendipitously
amirform a first part	to the second trail	9.	, issues of religious plurality are
(d) Definite nume	eral adjective		pedded in the relationship between different
44. The righteous alwa	nys emerge victorious.		owers of the party.
		(a)	Somewhat Somewhat
(a) Plural Noun	a as reliciants 1995	(b)	Significantly
(b) Adverb	aribonies anderes	(c)	Unexpectedly
(c) Determiner	de Na in maintaine	(d)	Overmuch
(d) Singular Nou	n	,_,	
	5	io	, we can take recourse to, what I call,
45. It rained every day	during the month of August.	an	argument from ordinary life.
(a) Adverb	Control of the Contro	(a)	Aggrievedly

Pronoun

Adjective

Conjunction

Finally

Fatally

Acceptably

(b) (c)

(d)

(b)

(c)

(d)

51. Lose and Loose

- (a) Lose is a verb meaning to misplace and loose is an adjective meaning slack or movable.
- (b) Lose is an adjective meaning slack or movable and loose is a verb meaning to misplace.
- (c) Lose is an adjective meaning to misplace and loose is a verb meaning slack or movable.
- (d) Lose is a verb meaning slack or movable and loose is an adjective meaning to misplace.

52. Anyway and Any way

- (a) Anyway is an adverb meaning any manner or method. Any way is a phrase meaning regardless.
- (b) Anyway is a phrase meaning any manner or method. Any way is an adverb meaning regardless.
- (c) Anyway is an adverb meaning regardless. Any way is a phrase meaning any manner or method.
- (d) Anyway is a phrase meaning regardless. Any way is an adverb meaning any manner or method.

53. Allusion and Illusion

(a) Allusion is a noun that is an implied reference to something. Illusion is a noun that refers to a false idea. 55.

- (b) Illusion is a noun that is an implied reference to something. Allusion is a noun that refers to a false idea.
- (c) Allusion is a verb that refers to an implied reference to something. Illusion is a verb that refers to a false idea.
- (d) Illusion is an adverb that refers to an implied reference to something. Allusion is an adjective that refers to a false idea.

54. Appraise and Apprise

- (a) Appraise is a verb meaning to inform about something. Apprise is a verb meaning to examine and form an opinion about something.
- (b) Appraise is a verb meaning to examine and form an opinion about something. Apprise is a verb meaning to inform about something.
- (c) Appraise is a noun meaning to inform about something. Apprise is a noun meaning to examine and form an opinion about something.
- (d) Appraise is an adverb meaning to examine and form an opinion about something. Apprise is a verb meaning to inform about something.

DMB-R-

55. Climactic and Climatic

- (a) Climactic is an adverb meaning moment of heightened excitement. Climatic is an adverb meaning climate of a particular area.
- (b) Climactic is an adjective meaning climate of a particular area. Climatic is an adjective meaning moment of heightened excitement.
 - (c) Climactic is a verb meaning moment of heightened excitement. Climatic is a verb meaning climate of a particular area.
 - (d) Climactic is an adjective meaning moment of heightened excitement. Climatic is an adjective meaning climate of a particular area.

Directions: In the following questions a particular word is provided. Four sentences have been framed using the word (in different tense forms), only one of which makes use of the word correctly. Select the correct option and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

56. Advice

- (a) He adviced his friend to take a break from his hectic schedule.
- (b) The doctor's advice went unheeded by his patient. books been bisself bisself of the control of the control
- (c) The teacher repeatedly adviced her students to take safety precautions on the road.
 - (d) Elders are often advicing their children on various aspects of their heritage.

57. Illicit

- (a) The police put out a notice to illicit more information from the public.
- (b) Illicit trading in liquor became profitable during the prohibition.
- (c) The offer for new residential areas illicited a lukewarm response.
- (d) The news of the earthquake illicited a massive outpouring of help for the victims.

58. Effect

- (a) The weather conditions began to effect his health.
- (b) Climate change will have long term effect on every aspect of planetary life.
- (c) The people of the town were deeply effected by the new laws that were passed by the government.
- (d) All creatures are effected by emotion.

59. Brake

- (a) Frequent disruptions caused the braking of the flow of the speaker.
- (b) The rapid swirling water caused the dam walls to brake.
- (c) The driver braked sharply to avoid a collision.
- (d) The young officer did not know how to brake the unwelcome news to the family.

You can crowst she'l you like from

60. Incite

- (a) He has a deep incite into various aspects of social formations.
- (b) The words of the speaker incited feelings of anger, sorrow and grief.
 - (c) His research gave the audience an incite into market trends.
 - (d) Since he was incite she decided to call out to him.

mos	st app	r preposition or determiner you consider the propriate for the blank space and indicate onse on the Answer Sheet accordingly.
61.	Not	metal is necessarily solid in its
		ural state.
	(a)	each
		every
	(c)	all
	(d)	any
62.		reminder has gone out on sions, requiring personnel to complete their
	pers	onal files.
	(a)	further words as
	(b)	several
	(c)	untold
	(d)	most
63.	It is	important for people to work
	their	co-workers in the office to ensure
	max	imum productivity.
	(a)	for modelling
	(b)	into
	(c)	with
	(d)	over
64.	You	can choose shirt you like from
	the c	ollection available in the shop.
	(a)	whatever
	(b)	whatsoever
	(c)	whichever
	(d)	which
65.	Depe	ending on your preference, you can choose
	to co	mplete either or courses being
attun.	offer	ed by the university.
	(a)	some some the state of the stat
mo II	(b)	many
	(c)	any
	(d)	both

Directions: Each of the following sentences in this

section has a blank space with four options. Select

Directions: In the following items similar sounding words are given, followed by sentences wherein in each sentence one of these words has been used, and underlined. You are required to identify those sentences in which these words have been used most appropriately and mark your response in the Answer Sheet accordingly.

- 66. Dairy, Dreary, Diary
 - She quietly stored all her sacred memories in her private dairy.
 - The proceedings of the meeting went on and on and were quite dreary.
 - They always bought their milk products from the local diary.

In which of the sentences given above has/have the words been used correctly?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 67. Braid, Beard, Brood
 - The engineers were asked to <u>braid</u> the river by converting it into single body with the aid of an artificial dam.
 - Wise men, they say, often sport a <u>beard</u>.
 - 3. Among certain avian species the males are known to brood the eggs laid by females.

In which of the sentences given above has/have the words been used correctly?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3

68. Lesion, Legion, Lesson

- The scan of the affected area indicated the presence of a life-threatening lesion.
- He had a <u>legion</u> of followers who hung on to his every word.
- It is important to <u>lesson</u> the burden of others as we venture through life.

In which of the sentences given above has/have the words been used correctly?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1 only

t

- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

69. Depose, Deplore, Deport

- The director asked the actor to depose himself and instead act naturally.
- The people are enthusiastically declaring that they deplore the salutary impact of the decisions taken by the administration.
- Under extreme circumstances, the government can <u>deport</u> someone from a country.

In which of the sentences given above has/have the words been used correctly?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 3 only

70. Bate, Bait, Bade

- Those who had gathered for the unveiling were asked to <u>bate</u> their curiosity.
- They set the <u>bait</u> to capture the leopard for tagging.
- He reluctantly <u>bade</u> goodbye to his belongings.

In which of the sentences given above has/have the words been used correctly?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 2 only

Directions: In the following items an idiom or a proverb is given. Select the response that most appropriately describes the meaning of the idiom or proverb and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

71. Someone's ears are flapping

- Someone in a state of intense agitation
- (b) Someone in a state of heightened excitement
- (c) Someone desperate to eavesdrop on a conversation
- (d) Someone embarrassed at being caught in the act of lying

72. Twist of the knife

- (a) Slicing through the difficulties that one faces in life
- (b) To accept defeat in the face of an enemy
- (c) The last thrust of a difficult operation
- (d) To make someone who is already feeling bad, feel worse with one's words or actions

73. Blow your own trumpet

- (a) Be very loud in company
- (b) All sound and fury, signifying nothing
- (c) Excessively boastful of one's own achievements

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(d) Be scathing in one's criticism of others

74. Get under someone's skin

- (a) To fall intensely in love with someone
- (b) To cause intense liking in someone
- (c) To understand someone completely
- (d) To annoy or irritate someone intensely

75. Many hands make light work

- Many people working together can light a new path
- (b) Many people helping can help accomplish a task quickly
- (c) Many people working together can make work non-serious
- (d) Workers light up the work they undertake

76. A bird in hand is worth two in the bush

- (a) What's hidden is always a matter of speculation
- (b) What we have is always more valuable that what we have a chance of getting
- (c) A gift is always better kept close to oneself
- (d) What can happen is always better than what has happened

77. Make heavy weather

- (a) Cloud seeding
- (b) To pollute the air
- (c) To complain about wet and rainy conditions
- (d) Unnecessarily create difficulty in dealing with a task

78. Sweep under the carpet

- (a) Maintain secrecy under any circumstance
- (b) Hide from general view
- (c) Keep a problem under wraps in the hope that it will be forgotten
- (d) Do a quick clean up job

79. A purple patch

- (a) A beautiful valley of flowers
- (b) The final bloom of the season
- (c) A great run of luck or success or form
- (d) A bodily discolouration related to heredity

80. Put out to pasture

- (a) To retire or render redundant
- (b) To feed someone
 - (c) To diminish importance

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(d) To incubate

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81.

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Directions: In this section, each item consists of six sentences of a passage. The first and sixth sentences are given in the beginning as S1 and S6. The middle four sentences in each have been jumbled up and labelled as P, Q, R, and S. You are required to find the proper sequence of these four sentences and mark your response accordingly on the Answer Sheet.

- 81. S1: The Tungabhadra is the chief tributary of the Krishna formed by the union, near Kudali, of the two streams Tunga and Bhadra.
 - S6: The Tungabhadra has served as a historic natural frontier right through the centuries.
 - P: The river is perennial in character and comes down in frequent heavy rushes during the rains.
 - Q: The rain-bearing river was dammed by the rulers of Vijayanagara near Hampi for watering the palaces and gardens of that great city.
 - R: The united stream strikes in a north-easterly direction through Mysore and skirts the adjacent districts.
 - S: The bed of both the headstreams of the Tungabhadra is rocky.
 - (a) PQSR
 - (b) PRSQ
 - (c) RSPQ
 - (d) RQSP
- 82. S1: In July 1917, Prince Lvov was replaced by a socialist revolutionary Alexander Kerensky as the head of the provisional government.
 - S6: In Russia the Soviets have been in existence since 1905, and the Soviet system played a especially important role under the Provisional Government.
 - P: However, such a partial replacement failed to satisfy the Bolsheviks.
 - Q: The revolutionaries did not want a parliamentary republic nor a bourgeois democracy but rather they wanted a soviet of workers, soldiers, and labourers.
 - R: When the February Revolution broke out, the leader of the Bolsheviks, Lenin, was in Switzerland.
 - S: He arrived in Russia in April 1917, and was followed by Trotsky.
 - (a) PQSR
 - (b) PRSQ
 - (c) QPSR
 - (d) RQSP

- S1: The history of India's struggle for freedom is an enthralling one.
 - S6: A more vibrant retelling is perhaps required of this tumultuous period of our history.
 - P: It has all the drama and excitement of an epic tale.
 - Q: And yet, in most history textbooks, what students encounter are facts, figures, names and numbers.
 - R: As in epics, heroism was often accompanied by extreme sacrifice.
 - S: Accounts of this period are loaded with tales of loyalty, allegiance, high ideals and peaceful protests.
 - PQSR (a)
 - SQRP (b)
 - QPSR (c)
 - PRSQ (d)
- Louis XVI of the Bourbon family of Kings married the Austrian princess Marie Antoinette in 84.
 - Remarkably nevertheless, under Louis XVI, France helped the thirteen American colonies to S6: gain their independence from Britain.
 - P: Furthermore, lenders, who gave the state credit, now began to charge 10 per cent interest on
 - Q: The ascension was preceded by a war that added more than a billion livre to a debt that had already risen to more than 2 billion livre.
 - R: In 1774, Louis XVI ascended the throne of France at the age of 20.
 - S: Long years of war had drained the financial resources of France.
 - (a) SRPQ
 - (b) SQRP
 - (c) RQSP
 - (d) RSQP
- S1: Montesquieu was a great philosopher of his time.
 - S6: He supported constitutional monarchy in France like the English one.
 - P: He wanted power to be shared between the king, the nobles, and the Third Estate.
 - Q: In his book The Spirit of the Laws, he propagated the theory of separating powers into three branches of government — the Legislative, the Executive and the Judiciary.
 - R: To prevent any one of the three classes from becoming too powerful, Montesquieu suggested the making of a new constitution based on checks and balances.
 - S: If this was done, he argued, there would be no tyranny and the liberty of the individual could be safeguarded.
 - PQSR (a)
 - SQRP (b)
 - QPRS (c)
 - RSQP

- 86. S1: Glaciation has important effects on the landscape beyond the direct modifications created by ice erosion and deposition.
 - S6: At the same time, ice advanced from the Welsh mountains into the Vale of Evesham and combined with northern ice to pond up a large proglacial lake covering much of the Midlands.
 - P: One example is that glaciation frequently disrupts pre-existing drainage lines, initiating a new pattern persisting after the ice has disappeared.
 - Q: The Midlands, what is now the Coventry/Warwick area, was formerly drained by the head waters of the River Soar, flowing into the Trent south of Nottingham.
 - R: Two well-documented instances of such effects occur in England.
 - S: During glaciation, the valleys of Soar and Trent were occupied by ice advancing from the north.
 - (a) PQSR
 - (b) RPQS
 - (c) SRPQ
 - (d) RSQP
- 87. S1: The primary evidence for climate change that occurred many million years ago is the rocks and deposits themselves.
 - S6: In other words, despite the clear legacy in many parts of the world of recent glaciation, the vast majority of sedimentary rocks were laid down in warm climatic conditions.
 - P: Sediments and fossil in the poles tell us a great deal about the environment in which they were laid down.
 - Q: We must, of course, bear in mind when interpreting this information that, because of the movement of the continents, no one latitude of the Earth has necessarily gone through such marked climatic vicissitudes.
 - R: Nevertheless, even allowing for this factor, one of the most remarkable discoveries about the climate change of the past is that the two poles of the Earth have been free of ice for at least 90 per cent of the known history of the planet.
 - S: We may find in close proximity to one another, coal deposits indicating the humid conditions of the tropics, red sandstones laid down in deserts and morainic materials reflecting polar conditions.
 - (a) PQSR
 - (b) QSPR
 - (c) SQRP
 - (d) RSQP

- 88. S1: Every geological period has been dominated by one particular form of life; as conditions changed to those of a new period, different types of organisms emerged into dominance.
 - S6: The origin of completely new biological systems is comparatively rare, so consequently only a few major types have developed during the history of life.
 - P: Individual shifts rely on opportunity, ecological access, and the development of a new adaptation.
 - Q: Characteristically these shifts are rapid and are followed by a bout of adaptive radiation into the new ecological zone for example, with the emergence of life on land.
 - R: Within each period, natural selection has created a vast array of adaptive experiments culminating in a breakthrough to a new biological system that may cross the ecological barrier to the next period.
 - S: Every breakthrough of shift in dominance is dependent on ones that have occurred before so that the process of evolution is progressive.
 - (a) PQSR
 - (b) QSPR
 - (c) RSPQ
 - (d) RQPS
- 89. S1: The sun is the primary transmitter of energy for the processes of change on the Earth's surface and in the atmosphere.
 - S6: Only a small part of insolation is absorbed and converted into thermal energy.
 - P: Its rays are transmitted in various wavelengths of the solar spectrum, mainly in the ultraviolet, visible, and infrared bands.
 - Q: When components of the solar spectrum reach the earth, the insolation is partially absorbed and converted to thermal energy.
 - R: The amount of energy the earth receives from other celestial bodies is negligible by comparison.
 - S: Radiant energy from the sun that strikes the earth is called insolation.
 - (a) PSQR
 - (b) QSPR
 - (c) SQRP
 - (d) RSQP
- 90. S1: Temperature indicates the relative degree of molecular activity, or heat, of a substance.
 - S6: The boiling point of water under standard conditions is at 100 degrees Centigrade.
 - P: Temperature is an index of sensible heat, not a direct measure of the quantity of energy.
 - Q: Zero on this scale is the 'triple point' temperature, at which the gaseous, liquid, and solid states of water are at equilibrium under standard atmospheric pressure.
 - R: If heat flows from one body to another, the former has the higher temperature.
 - S: To indicate the temperature of a body, an arbitrary scale of reference is employed.
 - (a) QSRP
 - (b) QSPR
 - (c) SQRP
 - (d) PRSQ

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Directions: In the following items a pair of sentences (S1, S2) is given. Select the most appropriate and relevant co-relationship of the second sentence to the first from among the options (a), (b), (c) and (d), and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

- 101. S1: Failure is the stepping stone to success.
 - S2: Successive failures are not however successive stepping stones to success.

The second sentence:

- (a) contradicts the wisdom of the first
- (b) contrasts the wisdom of the first
- (c) confirms the wisdom of the first
- (d) qualifies the wisdom of the first
- 102. S1: All human beings are created equal in every respect.
 - S2: Some people are more equal than others.

The second sentence:

- (a) contradicts the first
- (b) corroborates the first
- (c) correlates to the first
- (d) coincides with the first
- 103. S1: The origin of the universe has been traced to the Big Bang.
 - S2: There can be no knowledge of what existed before the Big Bang.

The second sentence:

- (a) contradicts the assertion made in the first
- (b) explains the basis behind the first
- establishes limits on the assertion made in the first
- (d) confirms the assertion made in the first

- 104. S1: The highest clouds in the skies are the most fascinating.
 - S2: We are most attracted to those things that are most out of our reach.

The second sentence:

- (a) reiterates the axiom stated in the first
- (b) annuls the axiom stated in the first
- (c) contradicts the axiom stated in the first
- (d) contrasts the assertion made in the first
- 105. S1: A four-stroke engine is more efficient than a two-stroke engine.
 - S2: The two-stroke engine has been phased out to protect the environment.

The second sentence:

- (a) correlates to the first
- (b) contradicts the first
- (c) contrasts with the first
- (d) confirms the first
- 106. S1: Bottled water is safer than tap water.
 - S2: In many countries tap water is fed to babies.

The second sentence:

- (a) asserts the first
- (b) confirms the first
- (c) contrasts with the first
- (d) is an extension of the first

- 107. S1: The peacock is India's national bird.
 - S2: The Great Indian Bustard is the state bird of Rajasthan.

The second sentence:

- (a) provides additional information to what is contained in the first
- (b) provides contradictory information to what is contained in the first
- (c) provides less information than what is contained in the first
- (d) provides escalatory information to what is contained in the first
- 108. S1: Field games are generally more popular than individual sports.
 - S2: Across the world tennis is more popular than hockey.

The second sentence:

- (a) reiterates the first
- (b) contradicts the first
- (c) contrasts with the first
- (d) reinforces the first

109. S1: Forest cover is conducive to ecological recovery.

S2: Unchecked urbanisation leads to environmental degradation.

The second sentence:

- (a) correlates to the first
- (b) disputes the first
- (c) contrasts with the first
- (d) contradicts the first

110. S1: Indians have been emigrating to countries across the world for centuries.

S2: The Indian diaspora is a model of success across the world.

The second sentence:

- (a) corroborates the first
- (b) disputes the first
- (c) is a logical consequence of the first
- (d) has no logical dependence on the first

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Di	rectio	ns : Each	of the following items in this	section consists of a sentence, parts of which h
ma	rk you	r response	accordingly by choosing the mo	st appropriate sequence given in the options (a), (
(a).				
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	(b)	PQRS		
	(c)	SQPR RSQP		
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	(b)	PQSR		
	(c)	RPQS		
	(d)	QSPR		

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